

WU LUTHER ST

VOL XXXI — No. 41

Strathmore, Alberta, August 15th, 1940

Subscription per annum \$2.00 — Foreign \$2.50

The Nazi Bluff . . . Battery Unit Formed In Strathmore

(Continued From Last Week)

How This Lesson Was USED—

It may be said that there is nothing new in this. Perhaps there isn't. What is new, however, is the use of the Nazi made of the lesson. They simply turned this lesson into a definite, actual instrument of war. They went a great deal further than merely investigating and accepting a rather elementary truth; they founded upon it a new method of waging warfare, based on the principle that in a new war the immediate and most important task should be to attack and destroy the civilian morale of the enemy's people.

It had been proven by their own experience that this was the one thing essential to swift and early victory. They argued—and rightly—that if they could break the civilian morale of the enemy, they would be positively certain, even generally being everywhere alike, that the breakdown of civilian morale would undoubtedly weaken the will of the soldiers to continue resistance.

Does this require any more explanation? If so, then let us turn it all up in this new lesson. "If you want to break the soldiers' heart, then first break the spirit of the civilian population."

Having taken that to heart, many years ago, the Nazis concentrated on developing it as an instrument of war. That is the instrument which we have come to mis-call the "Fifth Column" in the Nazi scheme of warfare.

Actually the term is a misnomer. The word presupposes that there are four other columns which precede the "Fifth." But that is not the case. In the Nazi scheme of warfare, the "Fifth Column" embodies the agencies which they use first, the agencies assigned to the destruction of civilian morale which are put to work long before the other columns—the air force, the army and the navy—are mobilized for their task.

This "Fifth Column" is really the advanced wave of scouts and skirmishers operating ahead of the armed forces, preparing the way for them by boring in along the civilian population, by undermining their confidence, stimulating their fears, fastening upon and exploiting the civilian population, corrupting the national life and, in general, effecting the will of the civilians on the principle that this weakening must inevitably destroy the will of the soldiers.

Actual War Against Nations

As a result, the process can be carried on in an unlimited number of ways. And since the Nazis are bound by no morality whatever, they are not troubled about considerations which would ordinarily be revolting to other people.

Fear is one of the few elements which men and women have in common with the lower animals. The actions of individuals possessed by fear are entirely unpredictable, for it is a state of mental unbalance.

Fear has many handmaidens, and it is these that the Nazis use. Diminution of confidence in oneself and others, gullibility in the face of the most terrific stories of the Nazis' strength and capacity, doubt as to one's own ability to resist and to overcome—all are by products of that fear which it is the job of the Nazis' advance agents to stimulate to the very utmost.

Consequently this column, whether it is numbered the "fifth" or the "first," is an even more potent and effective war instrument than armies, air forces or navies. It works with enormous advantages in its favour—advantages which the armies cannot not enjoy, but which, on the other hand, it is their task to exploit to the limit.

Let us have a brief look at some of these advantages. FIRST, this particular "column" can be used as an instrument of actual war among peoples with whom the Nazis are still ostensibly at peace. It can operate among civilian populations long before the outbreak of war.

All we have to do in order to verify that is to remember who took hold in Poland, Norway, Holland, Belgium and now, in France.

SECOND, it is a long range weapon. It can operate among peoples who, although they might be participating in the war—as Canada and the other Dominions are—it is nevertheless far removed from the actual theatre of hostilities.

THIRD, it is a weapon that can be wielded with immunity and neutral nations. Its objective there is to influence the attitude of neutrals towards the belligerents.

FOURTH, it is a weapon that can be expanded without limit and which can be used in every sphere of human activity.

Illustrating Examples—

This "Fifth Column" or advanced wave of scouts and skirmishers whatever one likes to call it—prevented the actual outbreak of war against Poland. (The members—vividly the "white war," the "war of nerves," as Goebbels termed it, which was waged for months in 1939. It prepared the way most effectively for the invasion of Poland. Civilian morale was dressed fully upon the uncertainties, threats, and was completely broken by the prospect that the war did depend upon them. The decisive blow was struck when the Nazi advance column by bombing undefended towns, by slaughtering women and children, and generally by effecting that civilian morale was broken, and the Polish soldiers, the resistance of the Polish soldiers.

Thus were all the hopes of the Nazis in the effectiveness of this new wave of scouts and skirmishers, which was positively certain, even generally being everywhere alike, that the breakdown of civilian morale would undoubtedly weaken the will of the soldiers to continue resistance.

In Denmark the advance agents of the "Fifth Column" had operated for so many years that the Danes had been so thoroughly broken by the little cloud appeared on the horizon in 1932, nor the will to resist when that cloud of the civilian population was broken.

The technique in Norway saw its complete expression in the emergence of Quisling and his fellow-traitors, who delivered their defenceless country into the hands of the Nazis with a minimum of resistance on the part of the loyal Norwegians.

The Netherlands were the next victim of this subtle stuff that the Scandinavians, the Dutch were never less disorganized months before the Nazis struck. The "Fifth Column" had done its work with a minimum of resistance on the part of the loyal Norwegians.

The Netherlands were the next victim of this subtle stuff that the Scandinavians, the Dutch were never less disorganized months before the Nazis struck. The "Fifth Column" had done its work with a minimum of resistance on the part of the loyal Norwegians.

Belgium's case differed from that of the Netherlands only to the extent that Leopold was a victim or an accomplice of the "Fifth Column." It is clear, however, that again, as in Poland and the Netherlands, the war was won by the "Fifth Column" had to be supplemented by the Nazi air arm before the spirit of the civilian population was broken and the hearts of the soldiers were broken.

The story of France has yet to be told. The whole picture is very revealing. It shows that the Nazis studied and analysed every aspect of human psychology; and particularly does it disclose that they took close account of the civilian population, the victories of 1918 taught them in their relation to the effect of civilian morale on the morale of the fighting forces. The Nazis studied the morale of the Allies in this one respect is that the Nazis profited by the lesson, and applied it, while the Allies completely forgot it.

"Just German Propaganda"—When one says that, one puts the finger on the whole difficulty in not only the Allies, but also the neutral countries. The Nazi success in the work of first administering an anaesthetic to the civilian population, for the purpose of dulling their understanding of Germany's real intention, and then of inoculating them with the anaesthetic, has been achieved principally because of the ignorance and the indifference of those amongst whom the Nazis have operated.

Now these people, and none of their governments, ever seem to have recognized, prior to the war, that they were being worked upon. That is altogether surprising, because the success of the whole German effort was dependent upon concealing from them just what they were doing. They were greatly assisted, however, by the public's attitude of mind.

Whenever any shadow of doubt did fall upon these people, and none of their governments, ever seem to have recognized, prior to the war, that they were being worked upon. That is altogether surprising, because the success of the whole German effort was dependent upon concealing from them just what they were doing. They were greatly assisted, however, by the public's attitude of mind.

Whenever any shadow of doubt did fall upon these people, and none of their governments, ever seem to have recognized, prior to the war, that they were being worked upon. That is altogether surprising, because the success of the whole German effort was dependent upon concealing from them just what they were doing. They were greatly assisted, however, by the public's attitude of mind.

Whenever any shadow of doubt did fall upon these people, and none of their governments, ever seem to have recognized, prior to the war, that they were being worked upon. That is altogether surprising, because the success of the whole German effort was dependent upon concealing from them just what they were doing. They were greatly assisted, however, by the public's attitude of mind.

Whenever any shadow of doubt did fall upon these people, and none of their governments, ever seem to have recognized, prior to the war, that they were being worked upon. That is altogether surprising, because the success of the whole German effort was dependent upon concealing from them just what they were doing. They were greatly assisted, however, by the public's attitude of mind.

Whenever any shadow of doubt did fall upon these people, and none of their governments, ever seem to have recognized, prior to the war, that they were being worked upon. That is altogether surprising, because the success of the whole German effort was dependent upon concealing from them just what they were doing. They were greatly assisted, however, by the public's attitude of mind.

Whenever any shadow of doubt did fall upon these people, and none of their governments, ever seem to have recognized, prior to the war, that they were being worked upon. That is altogether surprising, because the success of the whole German effort was dependent upon concealing from them just what they were doing. They were greatly assisted, however, by the public's attitude of mind.

Whenever any shadow of doubt did fall upon these people, and none of their governments, ever seem to have recognized, prior to the war, that they were being worked upon. That is altogether surprising, because the success of the whole German effort was dependent upon concealing from them just what they were doing. They were greatly assisted, however, by the public's attitude of mind.

BRANCH OF 23rd BATTERY, 19th FIELD BRIGADE

There was a crowd of about 75 intensely interested listeners at the Legion Hall on Tuesday night when a meeting had been called to debate on the formation of a militia unit in Strathmore. These present were welcomed by Mr. George MacLean on behalf of the Legion, the mayor then taking the chair. He introduced 14 of the 15th, and among them were: Col. Jull, Major Franks, and Sgt. J. J. Phillips. Major Franks explained the situation and the proposal which he had made. "It's a very big offer," I'm telling you that candidly," said Major Franks. If a unit were formed in Strathmore, he said, it would be about 50 men strong, and would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada.

He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Summary of Receipts and Disbursements for Month Ending July 1940.

Cash on hand at end of previous month	2,505
Current Account	72.32
Current Account	18.45
Membership Fees	2.00
Donations	10.85
Campaign for Funds	25.50
Total Receipts	2,643.12
Total Disbursements	119.27
Cash on hand at end of mo.	6,800
Current Account	18.45
Outstanding Cheques	2.20
15.45 — 6.03	21.42

Disbursements—
Paul Mide and Supplies 190.00
War Contributions 15.00
Advertising 3.20
Exchange, Sundries 1.00
TOTAY 119.27
MARY REININGER, Sec. Treas.
PERRY HOLMES, Auditor.
Amounts Cash on hand 900
standing at July 31, 1940 — 109.35
Unpaid Accounts as at July 31, 1940
Red Cross Headquarters 156.63

The age limits of the NPAM are from 18 to 45, and the medical exam must be made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Canadian Red Cross Society

STATHMORE BRANCH

Summary of Receipts and Disbursements for Month Ending July 1940.	
Cash on hand at end of previous month	2,505
Current Account	72.32
Current Account	18.45
Membership Fees	2.00
Donations	10.85
Campaign for Funds	25.50
Total Receipts	2,643.12
Total Disbursements	119.27
Cash on hand at end of mo.	6,800
Current Account	18.45
Outstanding Cheques	2.20
15.45 — 6.03	21.42

Disbursements—
Paul Mide and Supplies 190.00
War Contributions 15.00
Advertising 3.20
Exchange, Sundries 1.00
TOTAY 119.27
MARY REININGER, Sec. Treas.
PERRY HOLMES, Auditor.
Amounts Cash on hand 900
standing at July 31, 1940 — 109.35
Unpaid Accounts as at July 31, 1940
Red Cross Headquarters 156.63

The age limits of the NPAM are from 18 to 45, and the medical exam must be made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

Such a unit, if formed, said Major Franks, would be of great use to the town, and it would be a branch of the 23rd Battery, 19th Field Brigade of Canada. He then went on to explain the N.P.A.M. It was he said, a Canadian Citizen's Army. You sign for three years and carry on 30 days of training each year, 15 of these being in camp. It is well made up by local Headquarters training, this training taking place at night, through the week.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING IN THE NATIONAL REGISTRATION CARD

Persons Required to Register—

All persons 16 years of age and over must register. Write clearly. Use black ink, write legibly and keep the forms neat and clean. Be sure to know the proper entry before making it, thus avoiding all errors.

It must be noted that registration is also compulsory upon all aliens of the prescribed age resident in Canada. If unable to speak either French or English they should bring their own interpreters, who of course must be sworn. There is no provision for paying interpreters for such services.

Question 1, Surname—

Print in surname in block letters, making sure the name is correctly spelled. In the case of married women, print the name as it appears on the birth certificate. The object in specifying that the surname shall appear first is to ensure uniform treatment throughout and to avoid uncertainty as to which name is the correct one. The greatest care should be exercised to insert the correct spelling of names, particularly when there is more than one spelling in the name. Give name and stance, McKenzie or MacKenzie, Stewart or Stuart, MacNeil, Marcell or Marsal, etc.

Given Names—Enter the person's given name or names in full.



FALL HOSIERY

SHORT HOSE—
Ankle Length, Elastic Top
Cottons 25c
Wool 50c

Men's Fine Cotton Elastic Top, Regular Length, Colors of Brown, Maroon, Grey, Blue, with Pattern, at per pair 35c—3 pair for \$1.00

Men's All Wool Fancy Hose, Plain and Fancy All Colors, Sizes up to 12—Pair 50c

Men's Fine Cotton Work Sox, Made Like a Dress Sock, Pair 25c

Penmans All Wool Halfhose, Very Fine Work Sock, Well Made, Colors of Gray and Tan at 35c

WATSON'S GLOVES — LECKIE SHOES

Thos. E. Wright

Men's Better Wear

Travel the
Winnipeg
Route
SEE
Dan
RADIO
HOT SPRINGS
Canadian Rockies

**STOPOVERS
ALLOWED
anywhere
enroute**

GREYHOUND

Fares and Schedules subject to change without notice

ROUND TRIP SUMMER EXCURSIONS

From STRATHMORE To
BANFF \$4.55
LAKE LOUISE \$7.85
JASPER \$15.45
WATERTON \$8.45
RADIUM \$7.05
NELSON \$12.00
VANCOUVER \$26.40

NATIONAL PARKS Circle Tour

Including
Edmonton — Jasper
Columbia Ice Fields
Lake Louise — Banff
Calgary

Only \$18.45 Round Trip
See Your Local Agent
HUGHES MOTORS

LETTER FROM DOUG HIRTLE ●
Continued from Page One

carry on with our other duties too. I haven't seen Cecil in weeks, you know he's attached to the 2nd Infantry brigade now and just gets down here occasionally. He's on leave right now, and I only hope he has as good a time as I had on mine. I imagine he went up to his girl friend's in London but did not see him before he left, so do not know.

I stick pretty well with another motor cyclist called Bill McCrady now. We always get in the same tent together, etc. but our leave did not come together. Art Sieben went up to Mackenzie's with me on leave and we had a dandy time. We'd never been out together before that, but that's the way in the army, stranger one day, pals the next and then just an acquaintance the next. It's strange, but it is the only way, as in the army, things can not be regulated to keep two pals together all the time.

This D. R. King is kind of a messy job these days, as it has rained every day for the last two weeks, and when you get off the pavement you sink in mud up over the handle bars. Of course, England is different than Alberta, every road, lane or back alley is paved, but of course the roads on some of the army's private bases are not paved nor even gravelled, so as long as we're just riding from section to section we have to contend with it.

It must be hard for you to ride in fact it's a strange thing to see a house place with narrow pavements twisting and turning, hedges and stone walls running for miles on both sides of the road, trees everywhere, little evergreens trained into fancy shapes and nicely trimmed, green well kept grass, miles of it, but of course you can't see for miles, as the trees and stone houses block your view, and if you get an eighth of a mile of straight road you are very surprised. Houses?—stone or brick, nothing less than a double house and it's nothing to see thirty or forty houses side by side in a village or city, all exactly alike. In fact it's a strange thing to see a house none of these towns that hasn't got at least 10 or 15 others along side it exactly like it. Wood houses? Oh no, no! they wouldn't last for a hundred years, and what would our great, great grand children live in? If a house won't last at least two or three hundred years over here, it's no good. I've seen thousands of buildings and I've only seen about two that even had wood shingles on, most of the shingles are slate and some tile. You don't have to worry about getting hit by a train here, practically every crossing has a bridge so that the cars go over above the train. In an old village there is a level crossing, but there are always gates which close about five minutes before the train comes, so you couldn't drive in front of a train if you wanted to.

Well so much for England. How's Ed? and are you in the States yet? I suppose you are by now.

I hope you'll forgive me for not writing more often, but when I get finished writing to Mom, there doesn't seem to be much more to say, and I know you read her letters anyway.

Cherry Sis, see you sometime.

Love, Doug.

Dalemead

In honor of Mrs Ben Morgan a delightful miscellaneous shower was held on July 31 at the home of Mrs L. Hilt. The hostess was assisted by her two daughters Muriel and Pauline. The bride formerly, Dorothy May Dalton was presented with many lovely gifts from about 40 guests present. By the "Old Lady who lived in a shoe who had so many children she didn't know what to do" was sung by Pauline and her sister. Some contests were much enjoyed. The tea table which was prettily decorated was presided over by Mrs Fred Dalton, mother of the bride.

The Juniors put on a very successful dance August 8th. Mrs Whittaker supplied the music.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie McKinnon are back from their trip to Jasper.

Mr. and Mrs. James Holmes are expecting guests from Carroon for the weekend.

The Dalemead Ladies U.F.W.A. are entertaining the Carlsbad Ladies of the P.B. Club on Wed. next at Mrs. Martin Van der Velde's home.

Mr. and Mrs. M. M. King are holding a party at Sylvan Lake, the hosts of Mr. and Mrs. Longmuir, formerly of Dalemead and Carlsbad.

Vivian Dalton spent two days last week with Margaret Nelson.

Mary Dixon is back from her holiday in gat Buffalo Lake and the Jasper Drive.

THE NAZI BLUFF. . .

Continued From Page One

With the war nearly a year old, it is not certain that even yet the peoples of this continent realize that the Nazi emissaries in their midst are the advance wave of the most devastating and effective arm of the German war machine.

And to these forces of the "Fifth Column" are permitted to operate without hindrance, in advance of the inevitable armed clash, among those American peoples with which the Nazis continue to maintain a pretence of peaceful relations.

What different interpretation can be put on these Nazi activities, in the light of their origin and of the manner in which they have been developed and employed? The Nazis have been aggressively waging war against practically all the other nations of the world—including Italy, the east and most especially of Germany's victims—for many years. The tragedy is that those nations have been, and continue to be, too dull-witted to know it.

The work of the "Fifth Column" and the results it has achieved in collaboration with the other arms of the Nazi forces are a perfect picture of coordinated effort exerted to the one end, Europe is now a necropolis of nations who have been equally blind, and who awakened to their danger only when it is too late. In those countries the undercover war was eventually followed by the open conflict.

Everywhere the conquest by the preliminary attacking wave, this arm assigned to the destruction of civilian morale, was rapid. What additional work remained was completed by the Nazi armed forces, chiefly by the force in its bombing and machine gunning of the civilians and by paratroopers, with their treachery among the panic-stricken fugitives. The collapse of the armed resistance followed, just as the Nazis reckoned in advance that it must inevitably follow.

The whole story of "Germany's invincible might" is wrapped up in that formula—"Break the spirit of the German, and you break the heart of the soldiers."

What is the "Fifth Column"? We have reached the point where it may well be asked—Of what does this new weapon consist?

To enumerate the instruments of the "Fifth Column" would be an exhaustive task. It involves nothing short of cataloguing all the services which stem from the vast Ministry of Propaganda in Berlin. From the Ministry of the Labour Front, and the countless sub-branches of these and many other departments.

Each unit has its own specific job. But the cumulative purpose of all their activities is to disarm the civilian population of the foreign countries to which they are assigned.

It is to make the real intent of Nazism, to tell these peoples into just that sort of fool's paradise in which so many millions of stupidified victims, on this continent are living today. And above all, it is to terrorize them with the fiction of the "invincibility of the German machine."

We shall later examine this fiction. We shall note just how "invincible" Germany's might really is, and how "invincible" it has proved itself to be whenever it encountered anything resembling real resistance.

The "invincibility of the German machine" is the most colossal fraud, the most gigantic piece of Teutonic foolishness that ever dazzled a world which has allowed itself to be frightened into the role of the hysterical applicant, paralyzed with horrible imaginings of a wicked man under the bed. And that statement is made with a full realization of all that has befallen Europe, and of all Hitler's tanks, planes, ships and soldiers.

Has it ever struck you that it is because of the every vulnerability of Germany's "invincible might," because of the real and actual weakness of the Nazi forces, that the "Fifth Column" is of such vital importance to Hitler?

But let's survey this new weapon. The better known arrows in its quiver are the numerous German trading agencies and "independent" merchants the import and export companies, travel bureaus, fellowship clubs, "bonds" and other social and "cultural" organizations which mushroomed all over the world after the Nazis' advent to power.

Many of these groups own their own German-language newspapers. They have successfully established themselves with quite a number of journals and periodicals published in the language, and owned by nationals of the countries in which they operate. The blossoming forth of several new daily and weekly publications, vigorously "neutral" in their presentations, has been quite marked of late. This sugar-coating of "robust impartiality" has, however, failed to conceal the Nazi

pill compounded by the propaganda pharmacist of Berlin's Goebbels.

The Berlin managers are obliging to a fault. No trouble is too great for them to satisfy the sensation-loving magazine in its search for "exclusive rights" to Nazi photographs. There is no story that D. N. B., the official Nazi news agency, will not send out freely, willingly and with great good heart to any foreign newspaper.

Nazi Embassies and Consulates in the easy-going American republics are the headquarters and sub-headquarters of the new arm. The courtesies of diplomatic immunity are contemptuously abused to the very limit.

(To Be Continued)

Nightingale

Miss Dorothy Keats of Drumheller was a guest last week of Mr and Mrs Pat Brown.

Mrs Cox, Miss Peggy Cox and Norman of Calgary were visitors of Mrs Dick Jensen recently.

Mr and Mrs A. A. Farr spent Sunday week at Bowden.

An item of interest to local people is the marriage of Miss May Kimmitt to Mr Eli Westergaard which took place in Calgary on July 27th. A miscellaneous shower for the young couple was held at Standard on August 6th and among those who attended were Mr and Mrs Charlie Kimmitt, Mr and Mrs Arthur Kimmitt and Mrs Otto.

The best ball team journeyed to Rockyford on Sunday, August 4th, when two games were played. A noticeable improvement has taken place in the girls team which speaks for them and for their leaders. The score was 23-10 in favour of Rockyford. The boys game showed some smart and happy play both in batting and fielding, the teams were evenly matched and the score 19-10 in favour of Nightingale. Quite a number of Nightingale people were out to support their teams and their presence was much appreciated by the players.

Miss Audrey Thurston entertained at a tea in honor of Miss Margaret Beattie recently. Miss Beattie is a former teacher of the Valley Gardens School and was renewing acquaintances in the district. She was also a guest of Mrs John Hendricks and Mrs Walter Mercer during her visit.

On Thursday afternoon, Mrs E. M. Stoodley and Mrs Platt were joint hostesses to the W. at the home of the former. Fifteen members and nine visitors were present. The roll call "My favorite motion picture," was well responded to, each lady giving a brief description of the picture which appealed to her most and why. Mrs C. Kimmitt gave her report of the last dance which showed a profit of \$8.25. A vote of thanks was given to Mrs A. Kimmitt and her committee for their work in this connection. One of the pieces quilted by the ladies at the meeting, Mrs Brown and Mrs A. Mercer kindly donated interlinings for these quilts which are to be donated to the Red Cross for the use of refugees. Work is to be begun on a Dresden Plate quilt which will be raffled at the Bazaar later in the year. Miss Myrtle Stoodley and Mrs Walter Mercer contributed musical items during the afternoon. A delicious tea was provided by the hostesses and Miss Doris Putnam assisted in serving. Mrs Robert Putnam who was a guest at the meeting received congratulations on her birthday.

Miss Audrey Thurston has returned from Cluny where she was a guest of Miss Margaret Beattie for the past week.

Mr and Mrs Howe see Miss Marie Kimmett are the proud parents of a son, Clarence Frederick. Mr Howe went overseas with the Second Division.

Mr and Mrs Robert Putnam are spending the week end as guests of Mr and Mrs Don Murray at Bowden.

Millie Harriman is recovering from an operation for the removal of tonsils.

There is no other tobacco JUST LIKE
OLD CHUM

TRY A CLASSIFIED AD FOR QUICK RESULTS

USED HARVEST MACHINERY

- 3 10-FOOT MCCORMICK DEERING POWER BINDERS
- 1 12-FOOT BALDWIN COMBINE
- 1 28" INTERNATIONAL SEPARATOR

Used Trucks

1938 FORD TWO TON TRUCK — Long Wheelbase, Thoroughly Reconditioned, New Motor Exchange, And Excellent Tires.

1934 CHEVROLET TRUCK, Long Wheelbase

1933 FORD TWO TON TRUCK — 4 Cylinder, Long Wheelbase, Single Tires 32 x 7.

1932 FORD TWO TON TRUCK — 4 Cylinder, Long Wheelbase, Single Tires 32 x 7.

1929 CHEVROLET 1 1/2 TON TRUCK — Short Wheelbase, Single Tires.



HUGHES MOTORS

STRATHMORE, ALTA.

For The Best In —

Beef, Pork, Lamb, Veal, Fish, and Poultry,
— At Lowest Prices

Roberts Meat Market

PHONE 25 STRATHMORE

INSURANCE — OF ALL KINDS
LIFE — FIRE — AUTOMOBILE
VAN TIGHEM AGENCIES
PHONE 21 STRATHMORE

TROUBLED
— WITH AFTER-
DINNER FATIGUE?

BEER

RESTORES ENERGY
AND
AIDS DIGESTION

ORDER A CASE
AND INSIST ON

ALBERTA BRAND BEERS

"the BEST BEER MADE"

This Advertisement is Not Inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta

Harvesting?

● OUR STOCK IS IN GOOD SHAPE FOR YOUR HARVEST REQUIREMENTS—

- BINDER CANVAS REPAIRS
- BINDER WHIPS
- OILERS
- WRENCHES, PLIERS—
- WM. PENN OILS & GREASES

Strathmore Hardware

"The Store of Quality and Service."

M. A. RELLINGER, PHONE 54

FRESH AND SMOKED MEATS
Beef — Pork — Veal
FRESH FISH EVERY WEEK—
TEDDY'S TRIPE AND PORK PIES
Fresh Every Thursday
GEORGE SNAITH
Phone 43 STRATHMORE

DR. D. C. HAWORTH
DENTIST
PHONE M4140 **Residence S0057**
Calgary Office— 414 SOUTHAM BLDG.

KING EDWARD HOTEL
WHERE EVERYONE FEELS AT HOME
PHONE No. 1— John Spiros, Manager

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING IN THE NATIONAL REGISTRATION CARD

(Continued From Page One)

(Card for men.)— (1) Enter the name of particular Forces in which person served, i.e., Naval, Military or Air, as the case may be. (1a) Enter the name of the country to which belonged the Force in which service was performed. (1b) Years of Service— Enter the approximate dates between

which the person served in one or more of the above named forces. (1c) Name of Unit— Enter the name and the number of the unit in which the person served. (1d) Rank held— Enter the rank held at the date of discharge or retirement. (2) Retirement— After retirement or discharge enter the reasons for retirement or discharge from any unit. Questions 17, 18 and 20 (Card for women) of the Women's Card are self explanatory and do not need special instructions.

Standing crops analyzed for seed purity.
 There is no charge for this service.

See our Agent.



REGISTRATION STARTS ON MONDAY August 19th

Commencing Monday, August 19th, Canada calls on her citizens, 16 years of age and over, regardless of nationality, to register. Because of the magnitude of this task the Government asks those who must register to study the questionnaire care-

fully. Every question must be answered truthfully and without evasion. It is imperative that every one 16 years of age and over register. You will make the whole task easier for yourself and the Government by registering early. Registration will last for three days only.

REGISTRATION DATES August 19th, 20th, 21st

EVERYONE CAN HELP—To keep the cost of this registration at a minimum the Government is asking the co-operation of all public-minded citizens in the work of registration. You can help by getting in touch with your local registration officials and offering your services.

WHERE TO REGISTER

Registration offices are being set up by electoral districts in the same manner as in the last Dominion election. Registrars are required to register in the regular polling subdivision of their own constituencies. But should a registrant be in some other province or district out of the regular polling subdivision on Registration Days, he or she may register at any registration office convenient, upon satisfactory explanation to the local deputy registrar.

Penalty for Non-Registration— Failure to register will make any male or female, married or single, over the age of 16 years, liable to a fine not exceeding Two hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding Three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment, and moreover to a further penalty not exceeding Ten dollars for each day after the day upon which he should have registered, during which he shall continue to be unregistered.

Your Registration Certificate

To every person answering the questionnaire fully and satisfactorily a certificate of registration will be issued by the local deputy registrar. This is a small card which must be carried on the person at all times.

Published under the authority of **HON. JAMES G. GARDINER**
 Minister of National War Services

STRATHMORE STANDARD

Office Phone 17 A. M. Moore, Publisher Res. Phone 34
 PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
 SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$2.00 PER YEAR IN CANADA
 OUTSIDE CANADA \$2.50 PER YEAR
 ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
 Member of the Canadian Newspaper Association.

A VERSE FOR TODAY

So will I save you, and ye shall be a blessing; for not, but let your hands be strong. —Zechariah 8:12.

ARE YOU reading the article, "The Nazi Bluff," commenced last week and continued in this and next two following papers?

It is very enlightening—No one should miss it.

SMALLER FARMS AND MORE PEOPLE BETTER FOR WESTERN PROVINCES THAN LARGE FARMS AND FEW PEOPLE.

PROGRESS and more prosperity will be developed in the Western Provinces when large farms are divided up into smaller holdings and more homes established.

Four or five homes established, where one is now, will make for a much more fully developed land, more desirable community life and altogether a more prosperous land.

The High River Times says local farmers have frequently said that the guaranteed price should be better than 70 cents, but on smaller bushelage per farmer. A guaranteed initial price of \$1.00 on 2500 bushels from any one farm, the balance of output to go on world market, would have much more widespread benefit. It is possible that the cost might not be any more to the country at large than a guaranteed minimum over all.

No one knows better than westerners that the trend toward large scale farming is destructive to rural settlement. The small farmer is absolutely dependent on a reasonable price for grain. His continuance on his quarter or half section is possible only if a fair price is maintained. But if his returns are such as to give him a decent livelihood, it will mean permanent rural settlement, families growing up, more purchasing power which will affect all industry. It is incomparably better for the community, for the west and for all Canada, to have ten families living off 2,000 acres of wheat

than to have one family operating the 2000 acres.

Better farming on small acreage is a necessity if the country is to remain populated, but the only way in which this practical aim may be realized is by giving every advantage to the output from these small farms.

Another virtue of the small farm is that, as a rule, it tends toward mixed farming, especially in sections of the country adapted for stock raising. The entire acreage is not devoted to wheat, whereas the huge units under much unaided operation specialize in wheat, and wheat only. This condition is responsible to quite a degree for the grain glut.

THE U. F. A. AND POLITICS

AT THE LAST U. F. A. Convention the members voted to leave the field of political action for the time being at least.

However they have not given up every constructive and forward looking action as evidenced by their policy and optimism in erecting the very substantial office buildings which were recently opened on 11th Ave and 1st St. S. E. Calgary.

It is quite possible the U. F. A. is earnestly bending their best efforts to the success of their own field of labor will thereby indirectly become a more powerful factor than if they had continued in the political field.

INDUSTRY OFFERS ASSISTANCE—WHO NEXT?

THOSE of us who are prone to criticize and condemn big business concerns for profiteering at the expense of the consumer or the producer, as the case might be, should take a leaf from the book of one big Canadian business concern. We refer to the North-West Line Elevators Association.

This association, which comprises 26 grain companies operating 2,300 line elevators in Western Canada, this week offered to place their facilities

at the disposal of the government on the basis of their receiving a maximum of six per cent on the capital employed in the business. Any net profits over this figure would be turned over to the farmer or the government. If any elevator company fails to earn six per cent on capital employed in the business, there is no obligation on the government or the wheat board to make up the difference.

This is probably the first offer of this nature that the government has received from any industry operating in Canada, and is one that no doubt will be readily accepted.

ASSISTANCE TO FARMERS

IT IS NOT thinkable that the Dominion Government will let the Western Farmer down in the harvesting of this famous crop. Just what or how much advance on the crop that would result in collapse for them, and in that wake would be collapse of shortness of most other lines.

The government is not so short sighted as to permit such total collapse.

We believe there will be, as there should be assistance forthcoming.

Ardenode

Miss Gladys James of Raymond is spending a few weeks at the home of her parents Mr and Mrs E. D. James.

Mr and Mrs O. R. Booth of Victoria are spending a few days visiting with friends and neighbors in the district.

Mr and Mrs G. H. Godfrey entertained Mr and Mrs. Alson, Mr and Mrs Bowman, and Mr and Mrs E. Godfrey all of Balmire Sunday last.

Mr and Mrs G. M. M. and Mr and Mrs Robson, also Mr Knight of Calgary were Sunday visitors at the home of Mrs H. Sharran.

Mrs Jack Crope and small son of Kelowna, B. C. are spending a few weeks with her parents Mr and Mrs E. D. James.

Miss W. Johnson, also Mrs P. Caudles and Mr Pat Carroll of Calgary, spent Wednesday last visiting with Mrs Sharran.

Under The Street Lamp



Harold Freeman was cleaning his rifle, and looked up to see a shadowy figure approaching. "hey, you," he demanded, "give me a hand with this pull through."

The aid was given, and Harold looked up to discover himself in the presence of a colonel.

"Oh, I beg your pardon, sir," he chattered, as he jumped up with his knees shaking.

"It's all right, buddy," said the colonel, "but it's damn fortunate I wasn't a sergeant."

A placid old lady who took life philosophically, sat knitting in the drawing room. To her came rushing her 15 year old granddaughter.

"Oh, granny," cried the girl, "father's just fallen off the roof."

"I know, my child," replied the old lady, without even raising her eyes. "I saw him pass the window."

Rushing in upon the leopard, he shot him on the spot.

Darrel: "May I have a dance?" Tizzy: "Certainly. You may have the fourth."

Darrel: "I won't be here for that one." Tizzy: "Neither will I."

Harrison Knapp: "Everybody in college is teasing me about my girl back home."

"How come?" "I told a dumb freshman to post a letter for me and he tacked it up on the campus bulletin board."

"And is your daughter happily married?" "Yes, her husband is scared to death of her."

Doris: "Got a trade for you, Georgia." Georgia: "Let's hear it if it's nice."

"Oh, it's nice all right."

"Shoot."

Johnny said that you weren't so rotten looking as you used to be."

SPECIAL SPECIALS

DOLLAR BOXES SODAS 35c
 CORN STARCH, 3 Pkts 35c
 CORN FLAKES — 6 Pkts. 45c

AYLMER VEGETABLE SOUP — 3 tins 25c
 AYLMEY TOMATO SOUP — 3 tins 25c
 20 oz. TINS CORN 12c
 TABER CANNED PEAS 11c
 TINS TOMATOES — 2 for 25c
 4 LB. TINS PURE PLUM JAM 40c

2 LB. Pkts. PRUNES 19c

No. 1 PICKLING VINEGAR — WHITE OR BROWN, per gallon 65c
 PERFECT SEAL or GEM Rubber Rings, 4 doz. 25c
 We have all your Requirements for the Pickling Season.

STRATHMORE TRADING COMPANY

A. D. SHERMPTON, MGR.

NABOB COUPONS FOR WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Start a Bond for your Children, too!

Twenty Nabob coupons may now be exchanged for one Dominion of Canada War Savings Stamp. Nabob coupons are found in Nabob Tea, Nabob Irradiated Coffee and Nabob Baking Powder (two half coupons have one coupon value). Start your war savings now with Nabob coupons.

NABOB
 TEA, COFFEE AND BAKING POWDER
 FULLY DOUGLAS & CO. LTD., VANCOUVER
 CALGARY 1000 WINNIE

Garbutt

Now that you have to think seriously of a position it is good to know that this reliable school has more than one course to fit you for wage earning. Ask for our free catalog, or come in and talk over the selection of your course with an expert advisor.

Secretarial, Stenographic, Bookkeeping and Comptometer courses are among the most popular.

FALL TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 3

GARBUTT BUSINESS COLLEGE LTD.
 Traders Bldg. — CALGARY — 1111 First St. W.

FARMERS
 Standing Crops Tested for Purity and Suitability for Seed FREE OF CHARGE.
 See our Agent for details.

THE ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN CO. LTD.

Classified Advertising

per issue 35c
three issues \$1.00
READING NOTICES, COMING
EVENTS 50c
CARDS OF THANKS, IN MEMORIAM
NOTICES, ETC., per issue 50c
DISPLAY ADVERTISING RATES
ON APPLICATION

PRICED FOR QUICK SALE—THREE
Good Used TIARVINS, each one a
genuine bargain. Apply S. Korch,
Mansey-Harris, Strathmore.

BUY YOUR RADIO BATTERIES
(from Harbor & Craddock and save
money. Ag15)

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR LIVE
stock, McCormick 5 Foot Blunder, in
good condition. Apply H. Buckle,
Strathmore, Alta. Ag22

IN MEMORIAM

In memory of our husband and
father, James Collison, who passed
away August 13th, 1939.

Proudly remembered by wife, child
ren and grandchildren.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs Zerkle wishes to thank all the
friends and neighbors who kindly as-
sisted in her late bereavement and al-
so to extend thanks for the many floral
tributes.

HUB

BILLIARD ROOM
BOWLING ALLEY
Tobacco and All
Smokers Necessaries.
STRATHMORE
R. HAMBLBY, Prop.

PHONE M4170—
James Morris
FLORIST and SEEDMAN
Cut Flowers For All Occasions
Wedding Bouquets Floral Designs
Seeds, Bulbs, House Plants, Etc.
331A 9th Ave. West CALGARY

— TRAIN SCHEDULE —

Strathmore—
Going West No. 1 8:57 p.m.
Going East No. 2 8:02 a.m.
Calgary—
Going East No. 3 9:08 p.m.
Going West No. 4 6:52 a.m.

cfac
930 KC
THE WHEEL
OF VICTORY
Play for War Savings
Certificates
Listen to C F A C
FRIDAYS
9:00 to 9:15 P. M.
Everyone can do their
bit.

ANNOUNCEMENT...

CLEAN,
COURTEOUS,
EFFICIENT
SERVICE

KING EDWARD GRILL

HIRTLE'S
THEATRE

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
AUGUST 16th and 17th
BUCK BENNY RIDES AGAIN
Jack Benny and Rochester

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21
GIRLIE
GOOD GIRLS GO TO PARIS

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
AUGUST 23 and 24
THE PRIMROSE PATH
Ginger Rogers, Joel McCrea

NEWS & COMEDY



Church Notes

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA
Strathmore—Alberta
Stanley R. Hunt, D.A., R.D.

Sunday, August 18th, 1940
STRATHMORE—
10 a.m.—
NAMAHA—11:30 a.m.—
CHEADLE—3 p.m.
STRATHMORE—7:30 p.m.

ST. MICHAEL'S & ALL ANGELS'
CHURCH - STRATHMORE

Rev. Leslie T. H. Pearson, B.A., L.Th.

Sunday, August 18th, 1940
2 p.m.—Rev. Archdeacon Swanson
will be the guest preacher and conduct
the service.

SACRED HEART CHURCH
STRATHMORE

Mass every Sunday 10:30 a.m. ex-
cepting first Sunday of the month
when Mass will be at 10 a.m.

First Sunday of the Month. Mass
at 11 a.m.

REV. A. E. ROULEAU, P. P.

CARLELAND UNITED CHURCH

Rev. R. Clegg, Minister
No service for last two Sundays of
August during minister's vacation.

The Church School will meet at
10:45 a.m. as usual with Mrs. Peterson
as superintendent.

Services will be resumed on Sunday
September 1st.

FRATERNAL

THE CANADIAN LEGION
No. 10, B. E. S. L.



President—G. A. MacLean
Sec. Treas.—W. S. Paterson
Hall Manager—James Swanson
Meetings held the Second Tuesday
of each month. All eligible welcome
as members.

NOW UNDER MANAGEMENT OF
MRS. M. BELL
Capable, Experienced
All White Help.

Risdon's Machine
WORKS

RESIDENCE
PHONE 2783

BUSINESS
PHONE 2782

GENERAL MACHINISTS AND WELDERS

ELECTRIC AND ACETYLENE WELDING

— CYLINDER REBORING —

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Local News Items

Mrs D. R. Garriott has her sister
Mrs Hatterbough of Indianapolis, Ind.
visiting her for some time.

Rev. Vessey of Regina spent the
week end with his brother-in-law, Mr.
J. G. Parsons and Mrs. Parsons. Mr.
Vessey had been in attendance at the
Pawnee School of Religion which was
greatly enjoyed by all present.

Word has been received that Mr.
Jack Garrett was one of two successful
Oxford students in obtaining a
prize of \$50 worth of books. Mr. and
Mrs. J. Garrett expected to sail for
London August 10th.

Mr. McMurray and Miss Betty Mc-
Murray spent the early days of the
week in Banff.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. McConnell of Cal-
ifornia formerly of Baltimore are re-
joicing over the birth of a baby girl
born August 7th.

Mrs. J. A. Mercer and small son from
New Westminster are visiting at the
Mercer home, Strathmore for some
time.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mercer and
guest Mr. Folk motored to Carmanagay
over the week end where they enjoyed a
visit at the parental home.

Mrs. Charlie Groux and children are
visiting Strathmore friends for a couple
of weeks.

Rev. S. H. Hunt is supervising an
outing for young people of Strathmore
and district for Friday. The party will
journey by cars and truck to Fair-
weather Camp west of Bowden where
weather permitting all will enjoy the
day's outing.

Marcus Pyck, formerly of the King
Edward Hotel has been the guest of the
club and is preparing choice meals for
the men at Mewata Park.

John Oldham is among the number
of Strathmore men now in the Militia
in Calgary.

Miss Helen Shrimpton is leaving
Friday for her vacation which she will
spend in Banff.

Richard Cosack from Black Di-
amond is visiting Willie Spue for a couple
of weeks. They are students together
at Lacombe Home.

Carsland

Mr. Bert Woodrow and his bride
were visitors in town at the week end.
Congratulations.

The P. D. Club met last Wednesday
at the home of Mrs. B. Coad with a very
good attendance. Plans were made to
continue sending boxes to boys overseas
from this district.

Mrs. and Mrs. Standley and seven
spent last week at Sylvan Lake.

The pottery demonstration supper
to have been sponsored by Melville
Hat Pottery at the home of Mrs. Field
was rather a disappointment in the
fact that the demonstrator and pot-
tery failed to appear on the appointed
day. However their being time to
withdraw the extensive advertising
the many guests were well looked
after by the ever ready and capable Lad-
ies Aid and all enjoyed a bountiful
supper.

Rev. R. Clegg and family left this
week for a brief vacation and expect
to return August 21st. Edmonton will
be their destination.

Mr. and Mrs. Bergquist and Arthur
returned on Tuesday after spending
the past week at the west coast.

Little Doreen Standley had her ton-
sils removed last week end and is now
making a good recovery.

Congratulations to Roy Downey on
his success in the Wrigley P. K. Quiz
Monday night in giving the correct
answer to the question—"who is the
Chief Justice of Canada?" Roy there-
by receiving \$74.00.

Mr. Soetens and Mrs. Sp. and son
Willie visited Black Diamond and
Turner alley during the week end,
where they were much interested in
seeing the many oil wells.

Mrs. Brady is enjoying week's vaca-
tion in Calgary.

A meeting of the Health Unit of M.
D. Box Village was addressed Thurs-
day afternoon by Dr. McConaghan of Ed-
monton. Report of this will be publish-
ed in next week's Standard.

Brewe Jas. Harwood presided.

Mr. D. N. Gardiner, Secretary-Treas-
urer of Redington, formerly of
Strathmore, was present at the Health
meeting Thursday.

Mrs. Dorothy Graser spent the
week end with her sister in Edmon-
ton.

Mr. Munroe McDonald and his returned
Wednesday evening from a holiday
at Hillcrest, Alta.

Mr. A. L. Williams, Sec. Treas. of
M. D. Grasswood attended the Health
Meeting Thursday.

Mrs. Mabel Bell is opening the Cafe
in the King Edward Hotel, and solicits
a share of your patronage.

The Banns of Marriage were read in
Sacred Heart Church last Sunday for
Mr. William Groux and Miss Alice
Relling.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Wooster of Cle-
veland, B. C. announce the engage-
ment of their only daughter Marjorie
Ellen to Mr. William R. Guggenberger
of Regina. The wedding to take place
quietly in Calgary August 17th, after
which they will make their home in
Trinidad.

IMPORTANT LETTER BY
R. S. LAW
PRESIDENT U. G. G.
(Continued from Page One)

penes and will afford no margin what-
ever for payment either of taxes or of
debt incurred prior to harvest opera-
tions. While problems of tax collect-
ing bodies are serious, it must be ap-
parent that ordinary collection meth-
ods will have to be adjusted to finan-
cial conditions resulting from the im-
position of a quota system. To avoid
undue hardship during the normal
grain delivery season, it is suggested
that those responsible for the direc-
tion of collection policies of public
bodies in the West such as Mani-
toba and Hall Board should take steps
immediately to withdraw the notices
of liens filed, no doubt, under insti-
tutions given before the quota system
was announced. Collection procedure
should be delayed until further deliv-
eries become possible. Private credit-
ors should realize that the effects on their
part to tie up proceeds of early deliv-
eries will defeat their own ends as
they will result in widespread demands
for debt forgiveness. It is suggested
that the Government will announce a policy
at an early date. This company still
feels that the plan suggested by it
some time ago offers the simplest solu-
tion. The banks should be required to
make provision for loans on such grain
under a plan similar to that so success-
fully carried out under the Home Im-
provements Loan Plan. The Dominion
Government would guarantee the
banks against loss to the extent of a
five percent of the total loan. Under
or conditions Canada simply cannot
afford to allow widespread distress to
develop in the Western Provinces
from inability of farmers to finance
on Canada's greatest agricultural prod-
uct."

Don J. MacLean

— AUCTIONEER —

Country Sales a Specialty
Proceeds Promptly Settled
Reasonable Rates

Financial References—
Imperial Bank
64191 PHONES—
CALGARY W1194

SHOWER FOR BRIDE ELECT

Omitted in last Week's Paper

Miss Mary Louise McLeus was the
guest of honor at a shower held at the
home of Mrs. Jim Harwood. The host-
ess being Mrs. James Cormack and
Mrs. Earl Harwood. Court what was
played, Mrs. Albert Crellin, and Mrs.
Art being winners of high and
low scores. The gifts were wheeled in
in a gaily decorated wagon drawn by
Doris Harwood and Dorothy Cormack.
The bride to be expressed her thanks
for the many lovely gifts. A delicious
lunch was served and a pleasant hour
spent over the tea cups.

IF YOU ARE NEEDING FARM and HARVEST-
ING EQUIPMENT,

NEW or USED,

We Can Supply Your Needs

L. A. PHILLIPPS

— Minneapolis-Moline Sales & Service —

PHONES 415

STRATHMORE

BUILDING
OR
REMODELLING



See The CROWN First

Let the Crown Lumber's practical building
service solve your home problems. . . Build-
ing, alteration work, remodeling and re-
pairs to improve the appearance of your
home increase living comforts and property
valuation are quickly, simply and economi-
cally completed. Get the benefit of the
year's lowest material prices.

Get Our Prices On GRANARIES

COMPLETE SELECTION OF THE
FINEST BUILDING MATERIAL AT
LOW PRICES

Lumber Millwork Roofing
Rain Pipe Insulation
Paint Wallpaper Cement



STRATHMORE'S COMPLETE BUILDING SERVICE

CROWN LUMBER COMPANY LTD.

WESTERN DEPT. STORE

PHONE 28 STRATHMORE - ALTA. PHONE 28

S. LIBIN - Manager

FRESH FRUIT
AND VEGETABLES

APPLES
5 lbs. 25c
Basket 35c

PEARS
Basket 35c

TOMATOES—
B. C. Field,
Basket 30c

HEAD LETTUCE—
Large, each 8c
2 for 15c

CABBAGE—
New, 10 lbs. 25c

CUCUMBERS—
Green, 2 lbs. 9c
Case 50c

BANANAS—
2 lbs. 25c

PEACHES—
Basket 45c

CANTALOUPE—
Large Size, 2 for 25c

CORN ON COB—
Large, dozen 33c

PLUMS—
1 lb. 10c

IVORY SOAP—
3 Large Bars,
Reg. 30c for 21c
Manufacture Offer

WATER MELON—
6 LBS 25c

LEMONS—
Large, dozen 40c

CARROTS—
2 Bunches 5c

ONIONS—
Pickling, 4 lbs. 25c

JAM—
Pure PLUM,
4 lb Tin 42c

MIXED JAM—
4 lb Tin 39c

Black Currant—
4 lb Tin 49c

Loganberry—
Pure, 4 lb tin 43c

Cherry—
Pure, 4 lb tin 55c

Blackberry—
Pure, 4 lb tin 53c

Gooseberry Pure,
4 lb Tin 53c

GRAPES
1 lb. 15c

PLUMS
1 lb. 10c
Basket 45c

LARD (Pure)—
3 lbs 25c
6 lbs 45c

OXYDOL—
Giant Package—
2 P. & G. SOAP—
All for 66c
Manufacture Offer

MILK—Cherub—
3 Tall Tins 25c

48 tins (case) \$3.60

RAISINS—
Seedless, 2 lbs. 25c

PEACHES—
Dried, 2 lbs. 29c

CORNED BEEF—
2 Tins 35c

SEALERS
Small \$1.10
Medium \$1.29
Large \$1.85

ROLLED OATS—
China Pkg. 25c
20 lb Bag 85c

CANDY
SPECIALS—
Jelly Beans—
1 lb 19c

Scotch Mints—
1 lb 19c

Chocolate Drops—
1 lb 19c

ALL FRESH